### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

### MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY, OKLAHOMA

**JUNE 30, 2022** 

Audited by

BLEDSOE, HEWETT & GULLEKSON CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, PLLLP

BROKEN ARROW, OK

## MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2022

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#### SCHOOL DISTRICT TREASURER

Jack Jenkins, CPA

### MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY JUNE 30, 2022

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No.
School District Officials	2
Table of Contents	3-4
Independent Auditor's Report	5-7
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements - Regulatory Basis — Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	8-9
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required By the Uniform Guidance	10-12
Disposition of Prior Year's Significant Deficiencies and Material Instances of Non-Compliance	13
Schedule of Audit Results, Findings and Questioned Costs	14
Combined Financial Statements – Regulatory Basis	
Combined Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance  – All Fund Types and Account Groups – Regulatory Basis	15
Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – All Governmental Fund Types – Regulatory Basis	16
Combined Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Budgeted Governmental Fund Types – Regulatory Basis	17-19
Notes to Combined Financial Statements - Regulatory Basis	20-37
Supplementary Information	
Combining Financial Statements – Regulatory Basis	
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance  – All Special Revenue Funds – Regulatory Basis	38

### MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY JUNE 30, 2022

	Page No.
Combining Financial Statements – Regulatory Basis – cont'd	
Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – All Special Revenue Funds – Regulatory Basis	39
Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund Types – Regulatory Basis	40
Combining Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance - All Capital Projects Funds - All Regulatory Basis	41
Combining Statement of Revenues Collected, Expenditures and Changes in Cash Fund Balances – All Capital Projects Funds – Regulatory Basis	42
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities  - Agency Funds - Regulatory Basis	43
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Regulatory Basis	44
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Regulatory Basis – Prepared For the Oklahoma State Department of Education	45
Schedule of Statutory, Fidelity and Honesty Bonds	46
Schedule of Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance Affidavit	47

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Education Mounds Independent School District No. 5 Mounds, Creek County, Oklahoma

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis of the Mounds Independent School District No. 5, Mounds, Creek County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" section of our report, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities and fund balances arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the revenues it received and expenditures it paid and encumbered for the year then ended, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1.

#### Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" section of our report, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the District, as of June 30, 2022, or the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse and qualified audit opinions.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements referred to above do not include the General Fixed Asset Account Group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group is not known.

#### Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, the financial statements are prepared by the District, on the basis of the financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting regulations prescribed or permitted by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as described in Note 1, to meet the financial reporting requirements of the State of Oklahoma; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
  accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
  financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the fund type and account group financial statements-regulatory basis that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining financial statements-regulatory basis and other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements-regulatory basis. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the fund type and account group financial statements within the combined financial statements-regulatory basis and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, except for the financial statements being prepared in compliance with the regulatory basis as prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as discussed in Note 1, the combining financial statements-regulatory basis and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the combined financial statements-regulatory basis as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

November 18, 2022

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Education Mounds Independent School District No. 5 Mounds, Creek County, Oklahoma

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the fund type and account group financial statements – regulatory basis of the Mounds Independent School District No. 5, Mounds, Creek County, Oklahoma (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2022, which was adverse with respect to the presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States because the presentation followed the regulatory basis of accounting for Oklahoma school districts as provided by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. However, our report was qualified because the omission of the general fixed asset account group results in an incomplete presentation with respect to the presentation of financial statements on the regulatory basis of accounting authorized by the Oklahoma State Board of Education.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

November 18, 2022

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### INDEPENDENTAUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Honorable Board of Education Mounds Independent School District No. 5 Mounds, Creek County, Oklahoma

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Mounds Independent School District No. 5, Mounds, Creek County, Oklahoma's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material non-compliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
  to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose
  of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP

November 18, 2022

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR'S SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES AND MATERIAL INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE JUNE 30, 2022

There were no prior year significant deficiencies.

## MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF AUDIT RESULTS, FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2022

#### Section 1 – Summary of Auditor's Results:

- 1. An adverse opinion was issued on the combined financial statements in the conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles, and a qualified opinion was issued for the omission of the general fixed asset account group on the combined financial statements in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
- 2. The audit did not identify any material weaknesses and did not report any significant deficiencies not considered to be material weaknesses in the internal controls over financial reporting.
- 3. The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance which are material to the financial statements.
- 4. The audit did not identify any material weaknesses and did not report any significant deficiencies not considered to be material weaknesses in the internal controls over major programs.
- 5. An unmodified report was issued on compliance for major programs in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.
- 6. The audit disclosed no audit findings which are required to be reported under the Uniform Guidance, 2 CFR 200.51(a).
- 7. Programs determined to be major are the COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund-ESSER/ARP/CARES Act Programs (84.425D, 84.425U), which were not clustered in determination.
- 8. The dollar threshold used to determine between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. The district was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

### <u>Section 2</u> – Findings relating to the financial statements required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS:

None

<u>Section 3</u> – Findings and questioned costs for federal awards:

None



MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2022

	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)		2,746,642 278,470 321,586	2,532,867	5,879,565		479,779 135.680	91,746	1,060,000 1,794,453	3,561,658	867,707	1,450,200	2,317,907	5,879,565
ACCOUNT GROUP	GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT		321,586	2,532,867	2,854,453				1,060,000 1,794,453	2,854,453			0	2,854,453
FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES	EXPENDABLE TRUST & AGENCY FUNDS		91,746		91,746			91,746		91,746			0	91,746
	CAPITAL PROJECTS		223,882		223,882					0	223,882		223,882	223,882
L FUND TYPES	DEBT SERVICE		201,586 120,000		321,586					0	321,586		321,586	321,586
GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	SPECIAL REVENUE		333,092		333,092		4,637	;		10,853	322,239		322,239	333,092
	GENERAL		\$ 1,896,336 158,470		\$ 2,054,806		\$ 475,142 129,464		-	604,606		1,450,200	1,450,200	\$ 2,054,806
		<u>ASSETS</u>	Cash Investments Amounts available in debt service	Amount to be provided for retirement of long-term debt	Total Assets	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	Liabilities: Warrants/checks payable Reserved encumbrances	Funds held for school organizations Long-term debt:	Bonds payable Capital leases	Total liabilities	Fund Balance: Restricted	Unassigned	Fund Balance	Total Liabilities and Fund Balance

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES AND EXPENDABLE TRUSTS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTALS (MEMORANDUM ONLY)
Revenues Collected:			_		
Local sources	\$ 918,573	146,413	569,231		1,634,217
Intermediate sources	146,665				146,665
State sources	3,415,330	55,967			3,471,297
Federal sources	2,201,547				2,201,547
Interest earnings	12,076		88		12,164
Non-revenue receipts	650				650_
Total revenues collected	6,694,841	202,380	569,319	0	7,466,540
Expenditures:					
Instruction	3,415,306				3,415,306
Support services	2,146,085	45,846			2,191,931
Operation of non-instructional services	404,222	3,450			407,672
Facilities acquisition & construction services	4,975	3,900		380,000	388,875
Other outlays:	•	•		,	•
Correcting entry	650				650
Debt service requirements			469,120		469,120
Total expenditures	5,971,238	53,196	469,120	380,000	6,873,554
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing					
sources (uses)	723,603	149,184	100,199	(380,000)	592,986
Other financing sources (uses): Bond proceeds				475,000	475,000
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	3,280	3,263		110,000	6,543
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,280	3,263	0	475,000	481,543
Excess of revenues collected over					
(under) expenditures	726,883	152,447	100,199	95,000	1,074,529
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	723,317	169,792	221,387	128,882	1,243,378_
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,450,200	322,239	321,586	223,882	2,317,907

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

**GENERAL FUND** Prior Year (Memorandum Original Final **Budget Budget** Actual Only) Revenues Collected: 918,573 875,530 Local sources \$ 766,206 766,206 Intermediate sources 131,212 131,212 146,665 143,256 2,814,863 3,018,343 3,018,343 3,415,330 State sources Federal sources 709,145 709,145 2,201,547 1,093,028 12.076 1,603 Interest earnings 650 Non-revenue receipts 75 6,694,841 4,624,906 4,928,355 Total revenues collected 4,624,906 Expenditures: Instruction 2,357,500 3,414,408 3,415,306 2,965,416 2,576,223 2,146,085 1.648.837 Support services: 2,576,223 Operation of non-instruction svcs 395.000 404.222 316,248 395,000 Facilities acquisition & construction services 4,975 13,441 6,000 6,000 Other outlays: Reimbursement 75 Clearing account 12,000 12.000 650 Correcting entry 1.000 1.000 Other uses/ Unbudgeted 500 500 4.944.017 Total expenditures 6,405,131 5,971,238 5.348.223 Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before (1,780,225)723,603 (15,662)other financing sources (uses) (723,317)Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers in (out) (32,823)3,280 194 Adjustments to prior year encumbrances Total other financing sources (uses) 0 0 3,280 (32,629)Excess of revenue collected over (under) (1,780,225)726,883 (48, 291)expenditures (723,317)Cash fund balance, beginning of year 723,317 723,317 723,317 771,608 Cash fund balance, end of year 0 0 1,450,200 723,317

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

		SPECIAL REVEN	OE FUNDS	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	\$ 109,300	109,300	146,413	121,359
State sources	71,497	71,497	55,967	1
Total revenues collected	180,797	180,797	202,380	121,360
Expenditures:				
Support services	200,827	200,827	45,846	44,802
Operation of non-instructional services		,	3,450	1,200
Facilities acquisition and construction services			3,900	.,=
Other uses/ Unbudgeted	149,762	149,762	5,000	
Total expenditures	350,589	350,589	53,196	46,002
Excess of revenues collected				
over (under) expenditures before				
other financing sources (uses)	(169,792)	(169,792)	149,184	75,358
Other financing sources (uses):				
Interfund transfers in (out)				32,823
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances			3,263	3,799
Total other financing sources (uses)	 0 -	0	3,263	36,622
, com concernment of courses (acce)	 		0,200	00,022
Excess of revenue collected over (under)				
expenditures	(169,792)	(169,792)	152,447	111,980
. ,	(,,	(,)	10=, 17	111,000
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	 169,792	169,792	169,792	57,812
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 0	0	322,239	169,792

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	DEBT SERVICE FUND				
		ginal/Final Budget	Actual	Prior Year (Memorandum Only)	
Revenues Collected: Local sources	\$	542,403	569,231	566,874	
Interest earnings	•	0 12, 100	88	33	
Total revenues collected		542,403	569,319	566,907	
Requirements:					
Bonds		551,000	445,000	620,000	
Coupons		23,155_	24,120	38,647	
Total requirements		574,155	469,120	658,647	
Excess of revenue collected over (under)		(24.752)	100,199	(01.740)	
expenditures		(31,752)	100,199	(91,740)	
Cash fund balance, beginning of year		221,387	221,387	313,127	
Cash fund balance, end of year	\$	189,635	321,586	221,387	

The notes to the combined financial statements are an integral part of this statement

NOTES TO COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGU	LATORY BASIS

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Mounds Public Schools Independent District, No. 5 (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with another comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial positon and results of operations in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the District's financial statements.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The District is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The District is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on State of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes.

The governing body of the District is the Board of Education composed of five elected members. The appointed superintendent is the executive officer of the District. The Board, constituting an on-going entity, is the level of government, which has governance responsibilities over all activities, related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the local Independent school district. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### A. Reporting Entity - cont'd

whether the activity benefits the District and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the District and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the District's reporting entity.

#### B. Measurement Focus

The District uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain District functions or activities.

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: Governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn, is divided into separate "fund types."

#### **Governmental Fund Types**

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds).

General Fund – The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include state and local property taxes and state funding under the Foundation and Incentive Aid Program. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The general fund includes federal and state restricted monies that must be expended for specific programs.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The special revenue funds typically include the building, co-op and child nutrition funds. The District did not maintain a co-op fund during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

<u>Building Fund</u> – The building fund consists mainly of monies derived from property taxes levied for the purpose of erecting, remodeling, repairing, or maintaining school buildings and for purchasing furniture, equipment and computer software to be used on or for school district property, for paying energy and utility costs, for purchasing telecommunications services, for paying fire and casualty insurance premiums for school facilities, for purchasing security systems, and for paying salaries of security personnel.

<u>Co-op Fund</u> – The co-op fund is established when the boards of education of two or more school districts enter into cooperative agreements and maintain joint programs. The revenues necessary to operate a cooperative program can come from federal, state, or local sources, including the individual contributions of participating school districts. The expenditures for this fund would consist of those necessary to operate and maintain the joint programs.

<u>Child Nutrition Fund</u> - The child nutrition fund consists of monies derived from federal and state financial assistance and food sales. This fund is used to account for the various nutrition programs provided to students. The District operates their child nutrition program within the general fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The debt service fund is the District's sinking fund and is used to account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of general long-term (including judgments) debt principal, interest and related costs. The primary revenue sources are local property taxes levied specifically for debt service and interest earnings from temporary investments.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The capital projects fund is the District's bond fund and is used to account for the proceeds of bond sales to be used exclusively for acquiring school sites, constructing and equipping new school facilities, renovating existing facilities and acquiring transportation equipment.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

#### **Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the District. The terms "non-expendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the District is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the District holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

<u>Expendable Trust Funds</u> – Expendable trust funds typically include the gifts and endowments fund. The District did not maintain any expendable trust funds during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

Gifts and Endowments Fund – The gifts and endowments fund receives its assets by way of philanthropic foundations, individuals, or private organizations for which no repayment or special service to the contributor is expected. This fund is used to promote the general welfare of the District.

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The agency fund is the school activities fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through the fundraising efforts of students and District-sponsored groups. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, for collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds.

#### **Account Groups**

An account group is not a fund and consists of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group – This account group is established to account for all the long-term debt of the District, which is offset by the amount available in the debt service fund and the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal. It is also used to account for other liabilities (judgments and lease purchases) which are to be paid from funds provided in future years.

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> – This account group is used by governments to account for the property, plant and equipment of the school district. The District does not have the information necessary to include this group in its financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### B. Measurement Focus - cont'd

#### Memorandum Only - Total Column

The total column on the combined financial statements – regulatory basis is captioned "memorandum only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position or results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Neither is such data comparable to a consolidation. Interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The District prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as inventory assets.
- Warrants/checks payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.
- Compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid and not recorded as a liability.
- Fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Asset Account Group and not in the basic financial statements. Fixed assets are not depreciated.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation - cont'd

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the regulatory basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned and expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered/reserved rather than at the time the related fund liability is incurred. These practices differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. The Board of Education must request an initial temporary appropriations budget from their County Excise Board before June 30. The District uses the temporary appropriation amounts as their legal expenditure limit until the annual Estimate of Needs is completed.

A budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education for all funds (with the exception of the trust and agency funds) that includes revenues and expenditures. No later than October 1, each board of education shall prepare a financial statement and Estimate of Needs to be filed with the applicable County Clerk and the State Department of Education.

The 2021-22 Estimate of Needs was amended by supplemental appropriations as follows:

Fund Total
General \$ 1,056,908

These amendments were approved by the County Excise Board.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all governmental funds of the District. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. While the Debt Service Fund is a governmental fund, a comparison of budget to actual schedule is presented in the financial statements, although the board can exercise no control of the revenue sources for this fund (except interest earnings), and no control over its expenditures.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> – The District considers all cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, and highly liquid investments, with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u> – The District considers investments of direct obligations of the United States government and agencies, certificates of deposits, savings accounts or savings certificates with maturities of greater than three months. All investments are recorded at cost, which approximates market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The value of consumable inventories at June 30, 2022, is not material to the combined financial statements.

<u>Fixed Assets and Property, Plant and Equipment</u> – The District has not maintained a record of general fixed assets, and, accordingly, a General Fixed Assets Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

<u>Warrants/checks Payable</u> – Warrants/checks are issued to meet the obligations for goods and services provided to the District. The District recognizes a liability for the amount of outstanding warrants/checks that have yet to be redeemed by the District's bank.

<u>Encumbrances</u> – Encumbrances represent commitments related to purchase orders, contracts, other commitments for expenditures or resources, and goods or services received by the District for which a warrant has not been issued. An expenditure is recorded and a liability is recognized for outstanding encumbrances at year end in accordance with the regulatory basis of accounting. While the regulatory basis that is used for the Debt Service Fund approximates full accrual accounting, the accruals recorded are reported to meet regulatory requirements, as opposed to the requirements of generally accepted accounting principles.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The District provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. District policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources had not been reported as an expenditure of the governmental fund that will pay it since the financial statements have been prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity - cont'd

<u>Funds Held for School Organizations</u> – Funds held for school organizations represent the funds received or collected from students or other cocurricular and extracurricular activities conducted in the District, control over which is exercised by the board of education. These funds are credited to the account maintained for the benefit of each particular activity within the school activity fund.

<u>Long-Term Debt</u> – Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the general long-term debt account group.

<u>Fund Balance</u> – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e., fund balance associated with assets that are not in spendable form, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and notes receivable, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the spendable fund balance category are further classified as restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, as appropriate.

**Restricted** fund balance represents amounts that are constrained either externally by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or by law, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** fund balance represents amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

#### E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity - cont'd

balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

**Unassigned** fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. It represents the amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures

Local Revenues - Revenue from local sources is the money generated from within the boundaries of the District and available to the District for its use. The District is authorized by state law to levy property taxes which consist of ad valorem taxes on real and personal property within the District. These property taxes are distributed to the District's general, building and sinking funds based on the levies approved for each fund. The County Assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the County Excise Board, extends the tax levies on the tax rolls for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1. The county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1. If the first payment is not made in a timely manner, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1, of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property. Other local sources of revenues include tuition, fees, rentals, disposals, commissions and reimbursements.

<u>Intermediate Revenues</u> - Revenue from intermediate sources is the amount of money from funds collected by an intermediate administrative unit, or a political subdivision between the District and the state, and distributed to Districts in amounts that differ in proportion to those which are collected within such systems.

<u>State Revenues</u> – Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the Districts.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions from or additions to the revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The District receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

<u>Federal Revenues</u> – Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a passthrough from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the District is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. The majority of the federal revenues received by the District are apportioned to the general fund. The District also deposits child nutrition federal revenues into the general fund.

Non-Monetary Transactions – The District receives commodities form the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The value of these commodities has been included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards; however, they have not been included in the financial statements as either revenue or expense since they are not reported under the regulatory basis of accounting.

<u>Interest Earnings</u> – Represent compensation for the use of financial sources over a period of time.

<u>Non-Revenue Receipts</u> – Non-revenue receipts represent receipts deposited into a fund that are not new revenues to the District, but the return of assets.

<u>Instruction Expenditures</u> – Instruction expenditures include the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. Teaching may be provided for students in a school classroom, in another location, such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations, such as those involving cocurricular activities. It may also be provided through some other approved medium, such as television, radio, telephone and correspondence. Included here are the activities of teacher assistants of any type (clerks, graders, teaching machines, etc.) which assist in the instructional process.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - cont'd

#### F. Revenue and Expenditures - cont'd

The activities of tutors, translators and interpreters would be recorded here. Department chairpersons who teach for any portion of time are included here. Tuition/transfer fees paid to other LEAs would be included here.

<u>Support Services Expenditures</u> – Support services expenditures provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and health) and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services and enterprise programs, rather than as entities within themselves.

<u>Operation of Non-Instructional Services Expenditures</u> – Activities concerned with providing non-instructional services to students, staff or the community.

<u>Facilities Acquisition and Construction Services Expenditures</u> – Consists of activities involved with the acquisition of land and buildings; remodeling buildings; the construction of buildings and additions to buildings; initial installation or extension of service systems and other built-in equipment; and improvements to sites.

Other Outlays Expenditures – A number of outlays of governmental funds are not properly classified as expenditures, but still require budgetary or accounting control. These are classified as Other Outlays. These include debt service payments (principal and interest).

Other Uses Expenditures – This includes scholarships provided by private gifts and endowments; student aid and staff awards supported by outside revenue sources (i.e., foundations). Also, expenditures for self-funded employee benefit programs administered either by the District or a third-party administrator.

<u>Repayment Expenditures</u> – Repayment expenditures represent checks/warrants issued to outside agencies for refund or restricted revenue previously received for overpayment, non-qualified expenditures and other refunds to be repaid from District funds.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u> — Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. There were no interfund transfers made during the 2021-22 fiscal year.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's cash deposits and investments at June 30, 2022, were \$3,004,334 at financial institutions, and were completely insured or collateralized by federal depository insurance, direct obligations of the U.S. Government, or securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.

<u>Investment Interest Rate Risk</u> – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Due to the required liquidity for those investments, these funds have no defined maturity dates. The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses from increasing interest rates.

<u>Investment Credit risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District does not have a formal policy limiting its investment choices, other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrument to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
- Certificates of deposit or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral with in-state financial institutions, and fully insured certificates of deposit or savings accounts in out-of-state financial institutions.
- With certain limitation, negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations.
- County, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality or school district.
- Notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured by the Federal Housing Administrator and debentures issued by the Federal Housing Administrator, and in obligations of the National Mortgage Association.
- Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments mentioned in the previous bullet items.

<u>Concentration of Investment Credit Risk</u> – The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

#### 3. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables or payables at June 30, 2022.

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

State statutes prohibit the District from becoming indebted in an amount exceeding the revenue to be received for any fiscal year without approval by the District's voters. Bond issues have been approved by the voters and issued by the District for various capital improvements. These bonds are required to be fully paid serially within 25 years of the date of issue.

General long-term debt of the District consists of general obligation bonds payable and capital leases. Debt service requirements for bonds are paid solely from the fund balance and the future revenues of the debt service fund, and capital leases are paid from other funds.

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Bonds	Capital	
	Payable	Leases	Total
Balance, July 1, 2021	\$ 1,030,000	2,161,440	3,191,440
Additions	475,000		475,000
Retirements	(445,000)	(366,987)	(811,987)
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 1,060,000	1,794,453	2,854,453

A brief description of the outstanding long-term debt at June 30, 2022, is set forth below:

	Amount <u>Outstanding</u>
General Obligation Bonds:	
Building Bonds, Series 2019, original issue \$500,000, interest rate of 2.50% to 3.00%, due in annual installments of \$165,000, final payment of \$170,000 due 4-1-23	\$ 170,000
Building Bonds, Series 2020, original issue \$280,000, interest rate of 2.00% to 3.50%,	
due in annual installments of \$55,000, final payment of \$60,000 due 1-1-26	225,000

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT - cont'd

ENERAL LONG-TERM DEDT — cont d	<u>C</u>	Amount Outstanding
Building Bonds, Series 2020, original issue \$190,000, interest rate of 1.25%, due in one annual installment of \$190,000, final payment due 8-1-22	\$	190,000
Building Bonds, Series 2021, original issue \$475,000, interest rate of 0.60%, due in one annual installments of \$475,000, final payment due 8-1-23		475,000
Capital Leases:		
Lease-purchase of equipment with Standard Capital Finance, LLC, dated February 4, 2013, totaling \$222,608, interest interest rate of 3.50%, due in annual principal and interest payments of \$26,767		25,861
Lease-purchase of lighting with American Heritage Bank, ISAOA, dated September 21, 2018, totaling \$68,192, interest interest rate of 3.25%, due in monthly principal and interest payments of \$1,234		18,112
Lease-purchasing for educational facilities with American Heritage Bank, dated February 14, 2020 totaling \$2,230,000, due in various payments (See Note 5)	_	1,750,480
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$</u>	2,854,453

#### 4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT - cont'd

The annual debt service requirements for the retirement of bond principal, capital lease principal and interest are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 931,529	64,691	996,220
2024	1,051,826	38,426	1,090,252
2025	811,098	22,652	833,750
2026	60,000	2,100	62,100
Total	\$ 2,854,453	127,869	2,982,322

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the 2021-22 fiscal year totaled \$26,748.

#### 5. FINANCING AGREEMENT

On February 14, 2020, the District (lessee) entered into a lease-purchase financing agreement in the amount of \$2,230,000, with American Heritage Bank (lessor) to finance the construction, equipping and furnishing of new educational facilities to serve students of the Mounds School District. The agreement calls for five (5) annual acquisition payments starting September 20, 2020. A Trust Agreement, also dated February 14, 2020, was entered between the lessee, the lessor, and ANTCO (trustee), wherein ANTCO will administer various funds and accounts used in conjunction with this lease-purchase financing.

The acquisition payments will be paid with bond proceeds, pursuant to the issuance of series bonds, passed by electors of the District. Mounds Public Schools will gain ownership to the capital improvements incrementally as each payment is made.

#### 6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Description of Plan

The District participates in the state-administered Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, which is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), which is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System (the "System"). The System provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Title 70 Section 17 of the Oklahoma Statutes establishes benefit provisions and may be amended only through legislative action. The Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System, P.O. Box 53624, Oklahoma City, OK 73152, or by calling 405-521-2387.

## MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### 6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - cont'd

### **Basis of Accounting**

The System's financial statements are prepared using the cash basis of accounting, except for accruals of interest income. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid. The pension benefit obligation is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits. This pension valuation method reflects the present value of estimated pension benefits that will be paid in future years as a result of employee services performed to date and is adjusted for the effect of projected salary increases. There are no actuarial valuations performed on individual school districts. The System has an under-funded pension benefit obligation as determined as part of the latest actuarial valuation.

### **Funding Policy**

The District, the State of Oklahoma, and the participating employee make contributions. The contribution rates for the District and its employees are established by and may be amended by Oklahoma Statutes. The rates are not actuarially determined. The rates are applied to the employee's earnings plus employer-paid fringe benefits. The required contribution for the participating members is 7.0% of compensation. Contributions received by the System from the State of Oklahoma are used to offset required employer contributions by the local school district. For the 2021-22 fiscal year, the District contributed 9.5% and the State of Oklahoma contributed the remaining amount during the year. The District is allowed by Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System to make the required contributions on behalf of the participating members. In addition, if a member's salary is paid in part by federal or private funds, the contribution on that portion of the salary paid by those funds must be matched by the District at 7.70%.

### **Annual Pension Cost**

The District's total contributions for 2022, 2021 and 2020 were \$529,776, \$426,892 and \$444,491, respectively. Ten-year historical trend information is presented in the Teacher's Retirement System of Oklahoma Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2022. This information is useful in assessing the pension plan's accumulation of sufficient assets to pay pension benefits as they become due. Please visit www.ok.gov/TRS for all plan information.

GASB Statement 68 became effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014, and significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers who participate in a pension plan, such as the System, and who prepare published financial statements on an accrual basis using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Since the District does not prepare and present their financial statements on an accrual basis, the net pension amount is not required to be presented on the audited financial statements.

### MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The District purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials' liability. Settled claims resulting from risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District participates in a risk pool for Workers' Compensation coverage in which there is a transfer or pooling risks among the participants of that pool. In accordance with GASB No. 10, the District reports the required contribution to the pool, net of refunds, as insurance expense. The risk pool is the Oklahoma School Assurance Group (OSAG), an organization formed for the purpose of providing workers' compensation coverage to participating schools in the State of Oklahoma. In that capacity, OSAG is responsible for providing loss control

services and certain fiscal activities, including obtaining contract arrangements for the underwriting, excess insurance agreements, claims processing, and legal defense for any and all claims submitted to it during the plan year. As a member of OSAG, the District is required to pay fees set by OSAG according to an established payment schedule. A portion of the fees paid by the District goes into a loss fund for the District. The fee for the loss fund is calculated by projecting losses based on school's losses for the last five years. OSAG provides coverage in excess of the Loss Fund so the District's liability for claim loss is limited to the balance of the loss fund. If the District does not use its loss fund in three years, it is returned to the District with no interest.

The District is also a member of the Oklahoma State School Boards Association (OSSBA) Employment Services program, which helps to cover the cost of unemployment claims. Depending on the level of membership the District elects, the District makes a deposit into an account administered by OSSBA, or will make payments periodically as needed. The money contributed by each District earns interest and is fully insured. If the District has claims in excess of the amount in its account, it will be liable for the excess.

### 8. CONTINGENCIES

### **Federal Grants**

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

### MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY NOTES TO THE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### 8. CONTINGENCIES

### Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The schedule shows the federal awards received and expended by the District during the 2021-22 fiscal year. The Uniform Guidance Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, established uniform audit requirements for nonfederal entities which expended more than \$750,000 in federal awards.

### Litigation

The District is a defendant in one lawsuit. Although the outcome of this lawsuit is not presently determinable, the District believes that the resolution of this matter will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District. Should the judgment be awarded against the District, it would be levied through the Districts sinking fund over a three-year period pursuant to state law.



# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2022

ACCETO	B	UILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash	\$	306,585	26,506	333,091
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Warrants/checks payable	\$	4,637		4,637
Encumbrances		6,215		6,215
Total liabilities		10,852	0	10,852
Fund Balance:				
Restricted		295,733	26,506	322,239
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	306,585	26,506	333,091

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	В	UILDING FUND	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	TOTAL
Revenues Collected:				
Local sources	\$	119,907	26,506	146,413
State sources		55,967		55,967
Total revenues collected		175,874	26,506	202,380
Expenditures:				
Support services		45,846		45,846
Operation of non-instructional services		3,450		3,450
Facilities acquisition & const. services		3,900		3,900
Total expenditures		53,196	0	53,196
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)		122,678	26,506	149,184
Other financing sources (uses): Adjustments to prior year encumbrances		3,263	0	3,263
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		125,941	26,506	152,447
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		169,792	0	169,792
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$	295,733	26,506	322,239

MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
IN CASH FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMPARISON
ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			BUILDING FUND		0	CHILD NUTRITION FUND	Q
	<u></u>	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues Collected:	e.	109.300	109.300	119 907	€.	- XXXX	26.506
State sources	•	71,497	71,497	55,967	•		000
Total revenues collected		180,797	180,797	175,874	0	0	26,506
Expenditures: Support services		200,827	200,827	45,846			
Operation of non-instructional services Facilities acquisition & construction services				3,450			
Other uses/ Unbudgeted		149,762	149,762	-			
Total expenditures		350,589	350,589	53,196	0	0	0
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other				ļ			
financing sources (uses)		(169,792)	(169,792)	122,678	0	0	26,506
Other financing sources (uses): Adjustment to prior year encumbrances		0	0	3,263	0	0	0
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures		(169,792)	(169,792)	125,941	0	0	26,506
Cash fund balances, beginning of year		169,792	169,792	169,792	0	0	0
Cash fund balances, end of year	8	0	0	295,733	\$	0	26,506

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5 OF CREEK COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS JUNE 30, 2022

<u>ASSETS</u>	31 JILDING ND FUND	36 BUILDING BOND FUND	TOTAL
Cash	\$ 126,044	2,838	128,882
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Fund Balances: Restricted	\$ 126,044	2,838	128,882

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN CASH FUND BALANCES - ALL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	31 BUILDING BOND FUND	36 BUILDING BOND FUND	TOTAL
Revenues collected: Non-revenue receipts	\$ 0	0	0
Expenditures: Facilities acquisition and construction services	380,000	0	380,000
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(380,000)	0	(380,000)
Other financing sources (uses): Bond proceeds	475,000	0	475,000
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	95,000	0	95,000
Cash fund balances, beginning of year	126,044	2,838	128,882
Cash fund balances, end of year	\$ 221,044	2,838	223,882

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	BALANCE 7-01-21	ADDITIONS	TRANSFERS/ ADJUSTMENTS	DEDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6-30-22
Cash	\$ 80,149	220,042	0	208,445	91,746
LIABILITIES					
Funds held for school organizations:					
Athletics	\$ 6,391	108,395		98,560	16,226
Band	1,485	2,776		3,104	1,157
BETA Club	7,791	11,170		14,723	4,238
Cheerleaders	3,536	8,069		10,335	1,270
FCCLA	1,566	0		0	1,566
Elementary Library	3,184	5,951		4,932	4,203
High School Library	1,050	0		0	1,050
Spanish Club	192	0		0	192
Student Council	523	3,859		4,111	271
Yearbook	3,704	7,046		5,353	5,397
Softball	61	0		0	61
Accelerated Reading Incentive	2,832	2,758	000	3,956	1,634
General	1,137	1,960	989	2,770	1,316
Girls Basketball	73	2,723		1,991	805 772
Nat'l Forensic League (Speech)	1,502 29	1,325 0		2,055 0	29
Vocal Music Indian Club	442	0		0	442
Middle School	6,044	10,684		9,111	7,617
Bill Mooney Art Fund	166	10,004		0,111	166
Baseball	1,151	6,679		4,722	3,108
Middle School Student Council	18	0,070		1	17
H.S. Academic Team	252	Õ		125	127
M.S. Cheerleaders	831	650		598	883
Elementary	1,872	3,099		4,246	725
M.S. Academic Team	995	1,592		1,028	1,559
Weightlifting	481	60		345	196
Elementary Art	63	100		0	163
Boys Basketball	129	2,456		2,283	302
Josh Upchurch Memorial	8,382	3,192		1,327	10,247
H.S. Office	1,602	1,256		2,249	609
Science	4,175	0		0	4,175
FCA	166	26		0	192
Football	2,526	13,067		14,179	1,414
Track	25	3,213		1,226	2,012
Employees Flower Fund	4,104	1,304		860 7 311	4,548
Fastpitch Softball	3,455	7,163		7,311 2,101	3,307 1,131
Pink Out Technology Insurance	725 998	2,507 15		1,012	1,131
MS Engineering	1,359	0		125	1,234
Mounds PTO	398	ő		0	398
Class of 2021	610	ŏ	(610)	ŏ	0
Class of 2022	1,403	ő	(1,403)	Ŏ	Ö
School Security	712	Ŏ	(1,100)	Ō	712
Dance Team	1,033	1,144		725	1,452
Class of 2023	537	0	(537)	0	0
Class of 2024	439	0	(439)	0	0
Prom	0	3,472	2,000	1,624	3,848
Enviromental	0	480		30	450
Cross Country	0	1,851_		1,327	524
Total Liabilities	\$ 80,149	220,042	0	208,445	91,746

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REGULATORY BASIS

### MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor / Pass Through Grantor / Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Total Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION -		
<u>Direct Programs</u> : Indian Education Small, Rural Schools Achievement	84.060a 84.358	\$ 23,477 41,622
Passed Through State Department of Education: Title I, Basic Program Title II, Part A Title IV, Part A IDEA-B, Flow Through IDEA-B, Preschool Total IDEA-B Special Education Cluster *COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESF): ESSER I ESSER II ARP - ESSER Counselor Corps Grant	84.010 84.367 84.424 84.027 84.173 84.425D 84.425D 84.425D 84.425D	183,600 22,803 7,673 122,641 2,954 125,595 32,025 272,115 707,707 32,000
Total COVID-19 - ESF  U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - Passed Through State Department of Education: Child Nutrition Programs School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Non-cash assistance - Commodities Total Child Nutrition Program Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.555	70,288 238,191 32,711 341,190
Other Child Nutrition Programs: Child and adult care food  Other Federal Assistance: Johnson O'Malley Johnson O'Malley 2020-21 c/o	10.558 15.130 15.130	36,570 9,059 7,872
Total Johnson O'Malley Flood Control  Total Federal Assistance	12.112	16,931 89 \$ 1,843,397
		4 1,040,001

#### \* Major programs

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation - The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal activity of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022. This information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Expenditures reported on this schedule are reported on the regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements except as noted in Note 3. Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimums indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. None of the federal programs include any loan programs, loan guarantee programs, and has no sub-recipients.

Note 3 - Non-Monetary Assistance - Commodities received by the District were of a non-monetary nature.

## MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS PREPARED FOR THE OKLAHOMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor / Pass Through	Federal CFDA	Project	Program or	Balance at	Revenue	Total	Balance at
Grantor / Program Title	Number	Number	Award Amount	7/1/2021	Collected	Expenditures	6/30/2022
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION -							
Direct Programs:					***		
Indian Education	84.060a	561	\$ 23,477		23,477	23,477	
Small, Rural Schools Achievement	84.358	588	41,622		41,622	41,622	
Sub Total			65,099	0	65,099	65,099	
Passed Through State Department of Education:							
Title I, Basic Program	84.010	511	202,027		183,600	183,600	
Title II, Part A	84.367	541	27,156		22,803	22,803	
Title II, Part A 2020-21	84.367	799		7,120	7,120		
IDEA-B, Flow Through	84.027	621	127,338		122,641	122,641	
IDEA-B, Preschool	84.173	641	2,954		2,954	2,954	
Title IV, Part A	84.424	552	12,738		7,673	7,673	
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund (ESF):							
ESSER I	84.425D	788	40,623		32,025	32,025	
ESSER II	84.425D	793	316,838		272,115	272,115	
ESSER II 2020-21	84.425D	799		74,723	74,723		
ARP - ESSER III	84.425D	795	1,107,075		707,707	707,707	
ARP - ESSER III 2020-21	84.425D	799		206,846	206,846		
ARP - ESSER Counselor Corps Grant	84.425U	722	32,000		32,000	32,000	
Total COVID-19 - ESF			1,496,536	281,569	1,325,416	1,043,847	0
Sub Total			1,868,749	288,689	1,672,207	1,383,518	0
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE -							
Passed Through State Department of Educa	ation:						
Child Nutrition Programs							
School Breakfast Program	10.553	764			117,356	70,288	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	763			263,725	238,191	
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	759			16,713		
Non-cash assistance - Commodities	10.555	N/A			32,711	32,711	
Sub Total					430,505	341,190	
Other Child Nutrition Programs:							
Child and adult care food	10.558	769			38,625	36,570	
P-EBT	10.649	760			614		
Sub Total					39,239	36,570	
Other Federal Assistance:							
Johnson O'Malley	15.130	563	9,060		3,448	9,059	5,612
Johnson O'Malley 2020-21 c/o	15.130	564	7,872		7,872	7,872	
Johnson O'Malley 2020-21	93.778	799		1,346	1,346		
Flood Control	12.112	772	89		89_	89_	
Sub Total			17,021	1,346	12,755	17,020	5,612
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 1,950,869	290,035	2,219,805	1,843,397	5,612

Note 1 - This schedule was prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting consistent with the preparation of the combined financial statements, except for the non-cash assistance noted in Note 2.

Note 2 - Food Distribution - Non-cash assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 3 - None of the federal programs include any loan programs, loan guarantee programs, has no sub-recipients and does not use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate.

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY STATEMENT OF STATUTORY, FIDELITY AND HONESTY BONDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

BONDING COMPANY	POSITION COVERED	BOND NUMBER	 OVERAGE MOUNT	EFFECTIVE DATES
The Beckman Company -				
RLI Surety Co.	Treasurer	LSM0928070	\$ 100,000	09/01/21 - 09/01/22
•	Superintendent	LSM0902718	100,000	07/01/21 - 07/01/22
	Encumbrance Clerk	FID8001134	2,000	12/09/21 - 12/09/22
	Payroll Clerk	FID8001134	2,000	12/09/21 - 12/09/22
	Admin Asst / Elem. Principal	FID8001134	5,000	12/09/21 - 12/09/22
	Child Nutrition / Activity Fund	FID8001134	2,000	12/09/21 - 12/09/22
	Board Minutes Clerk	FID8001134	2,000	12/09/21 - 12/09/22
	Child Nutritionist	FID8001134	2,000	12/09/21 - 12/09/22
	Athletic Director	FID8001134	2,000	12/09/21 - 12/09/22
	High School Principal	FID8001134	5,000	12/09/21 - 12/09/22

# MOUNDS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, CREEK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANT'S PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT

JULY 1, 2021 TO JUNE 30, 2022

State of Oklahoma	)
	) ss
County of Tulsa	)

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful ages, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountant's Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with Mounds Public School for the audit year 2021-22.

Bledsoe, Hewett, & Gullekson
Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP
Auditing Firm

Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me Narlene This 18th day of November, 2022

My Commission Expires: 12-11-2024

tary Public (or Clerk or Judge)

Commission No. 20014980



Jeffrey D. Hewett, CPA Christopher P. Gullekson, CPA

P.O. BOX 1310 • 121 E. COLLEGE ST.• BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013 • (918) 449-9991 • (800) 522-3831 • FAX (918) 449-9779

November 18, 2022

Mr. Doran Smith, Supt. Mounds Public Schools P.O. Box 189 Mounds, Oklahoma 74047

Dear Mr. Smith:

Listed below are the audit exceptions and recommendations from the final audit work we performed for you. These items are referred to in your audit report. Please review them very carefully, along with the review copy of your audit report. If you have questions or desire additional information, please call us so that any discrepancies may be resolved.

### Federal Programs

We observed one instance (Project 563) where the amounts claimed for reimbursement did not match the actual amounts coded to that project code, according to OCAS reports. The differences were small amounts, which were immaterial to the overall program amounts. However, it is possible that the District will be contacted by the State Department of Education about these variances, and they will require a written response regarding these differences. The amounts that will be included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) in your audit report will be the actual amounts expended and claimed, not necessarily the amounts according to OCAS. This program had \$125.25 less expenditures coded to it than what was received.

We take this opportunity to thank you and your professional staff for the outstanding cooperation and invaluable assistance you gave us during our recent onsite audit work.

Sincerely,

For

Bledsoe, Hewett & Gullekson Certified Public Accountants, PLLLP